# HOUSING STATISTICS FOR THE 118TH CONGRESS Montana

Honorable Jon Tester (D)

Honorable Steve Daines (R)

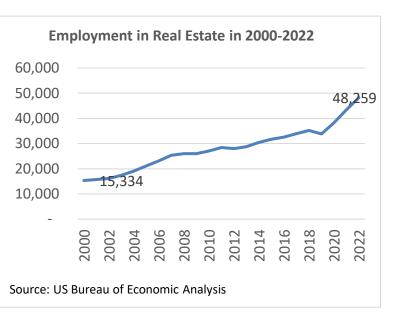
Contribution of Housing and Real Estate to the Economy in 2022		
	Montana U.	5. (2023 03)
Share of real estate, rental, and leasing industry to GDP $^{\prime}$ in 2022	13.4%	13.4%
Gross state product (in \$ billions)	\$67.1	\$27,610.1
Value added in real estate, rental, and leasing industry (in billion \$)	\$9.0	\$3,707.1
Share of housing and utilities to GDP in 2022	14.2%	<b>11.9</b> %
Consumer spending on housing and utilities (in billion \$)	\$9.5	\$3,053.3
Share of employment in real estate, construction,		
and specialty trade contractors to employment in 2022	13.2%	10.2%
Total employment (includes self-employed) ('000)	746	212,442
Employment in real estate, construction, specialty trade ('000)	99	21,758
Real estate ('000)	48.3	11,138.6
Construction of buildings ('000)	16.0	2,749.4
Specialty trade contractors ('000)	34.4	7,870.1

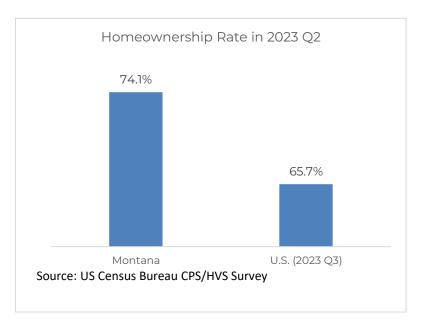
Total value of owner-occupied housing units (billion \$) <sup>2</sup>	\$142	\$31,954
Total Housing Units in 2022	606,490	143,772,902
Occupied Housing Units	464,080	129,870,885
Owner Occupued Units	321,671	84,747,511
Renter Occupied Units	142,409	45,123,374
Vacant Units	65,093	13,902,017
As a percent of housing stock	10.7%	9.7%

# Homeownership rate in 2023 Q4<sup>3</sup>

Homeownership rate

# R NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®





# Home Price Gains and Home Affordability in 2024 QIMontanaUSMedian list (state) or sales price (U.S.) as of February 2024\$602,475\$384,5005-year change in median home values (list or sales price)\$267,975\$134,400

74.1%

12.5%

5.0%

65.7%

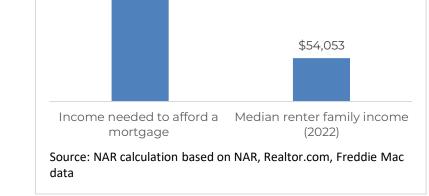
9.0%

4.4%

Income Needed to Afford a Typical Home in February 2024 \$171,033

Annual price gain in past 5 years	
Annual wage gain in past 5 years	

Income needed to afford a mortgage	\$171,033	\$109,154
Median renter family income (2022)	\$54,053	\$52,328
Income gap for renters	-\$116,981	-\$56,826
Home affordability index*	316.4	208.6



A mortgage is affordable if a family spends at most 25% of income on the mortgage payment so that total costs (including utilities, taxes, insurance, and maintenance) are no more than 30% of income.

Calculations assume a 10% downpayment at 6.8% 30-year fixed rate and 0.8% points.

An affordability index of 100 means homes are typically affordable; a higher index means homes are typically unaffordable.

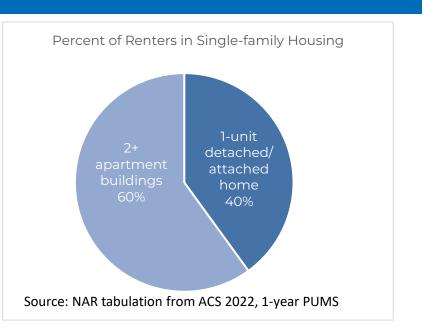
HAI= (income needed to afford a mortgage/median family income)x 100

# Homeownership Rate, Income, and Unemployment by Race and Age in 2022<sup>4</sup>

	Homeownersh	ip Rate	Unemploy	ment Rate	State Median Family Income		
Race/ethnicity	Montana	U.S.	Montana	U.S.	Homeowners	Renters	
All	<b>69.3</b> %	65.3%	3.3%	4.3%	\$85,573	\$54,053	
White Alone	70.8%	72.4%	2.9%	3.4%	\$88,031	\$59,437	
Black Alone	24.2%	44.1%	0.0%	7.6%	\$154,097	\$999,999	
Amer. Indian/Alaskan Native	80.5%	51.5%	21.1%	6.9%	\$27,913	\$5,001	
Asian Alone	40.0%	63.4%	0.0%	3.5%	\$89,794	\$49,550	
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Is.	22.8%	45.2%	0.0%	6.5%	\$55,001	\$25,001	
Some Other Race Alone	71.8%	47.0%	6.0%	5.3%	\$83,697	\$63,117	
Two or More Races	60.6%	55.3%	2.4%	5.1%	\$66,405	\$39,071	
Hispanic (ethnicity)	45.5%	51.1%	4.0%	5.0%	\$78,629	\$49,016	
Age of housholder							
25-34 years old	52%	51%	4.6%	4.5%	\$84,682	\$48,25	
35-44 years old	71%	64%	1.3%	3.5%	\$99,793	\$57,002	
45-54 years old	77%	71%	1.7%	3.0%	\$105,822	\$66,046	
55 and over years old	81%	77%	2.1%	2.9%	\$75,799	\$55,008	

# Where Households Lived in 2022<sup>4</sup>

	Pe	rcent		Percent
	Homeowners dis	tribution	Renters	distribution
1-unit detached	270,317	84.0%	45,793	32.2%
1-unit attached	13,134	4.1%	11,179	7.8%
2 apartments	2,432	0.8%	9,197	6.5%
3 to 4 apartments	1,509	0.5%	19,471	13.7%
5 to 9 apartments	317	0.1%	12,265	8.6%
10 or more apartments	2,084	0.6%	31,314	22.0%
Mobile home, other type	31,186	9.7%	13,030	9.1%
Boat/RV	692	0.2%	160	0.1%
Total occupied units	321,671	100.0%	142,409	100.0%
Percent in 1-unit structures		88.1%		40.0%



# Housing Supply Conditions in 2024 Q1

	Montana	U.S.
Daily active listings on Realtor.com in February 2024	3,228	664,700
Y/Y percent change	15.5%	14.8%
12-month building permits as of February 2024	4,671	1,474,395
Y/Y percent increase	-20.1%	-6.3%
12-month employment change as of February 2024	9,600	2,044,600
Change in employment to permits	2.1	1.4



(	over 2	means	housing	starts are	(Inadequate)	
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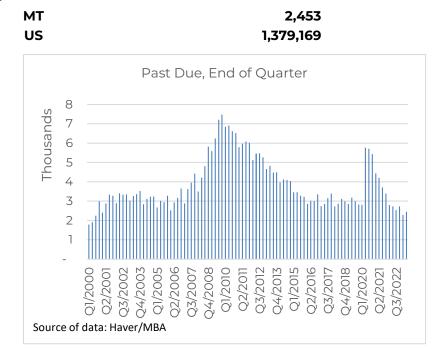
Total population in 2023	1,132,812
Population change	9,934
Net domestic migration	9,485
Net international migration	609

2,000							h												
1,000																			
-	Jan/2000 Mar/2001	May/2002	Jul/2003 Sep/2004	Nov/2005	Jan/2007	Mar/2008	May/2009	Jul/2010	Sep/2011	Nov/2012	Jan/2014	Mar/2015	May/2016	Jul/2017	Sep/2018	Nov/2019	Jan/2021	Mar/2022	May/2023
Source: NAR calculations from US Census Bureau data																			

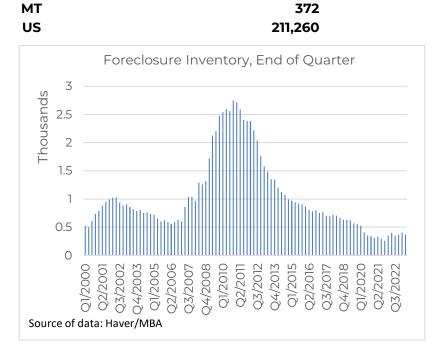
334,915,000 1,627,000 -1,138,989

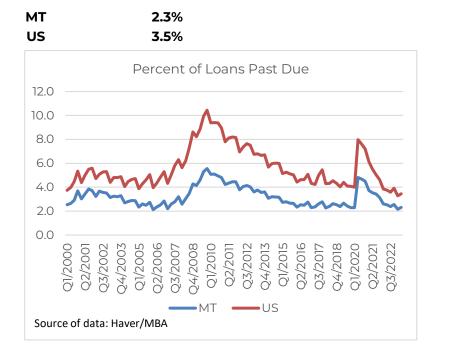
### Mortgages Past Due and in Foreclosure as of 2023 Q2

### Past Due:

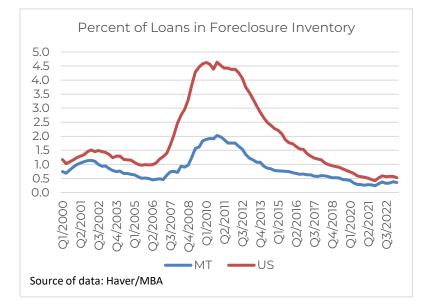


### Loans in Foreclosure Process:

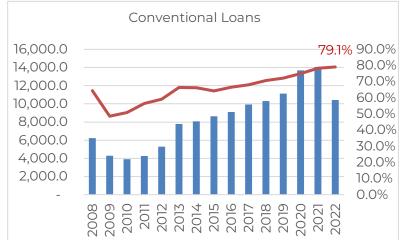


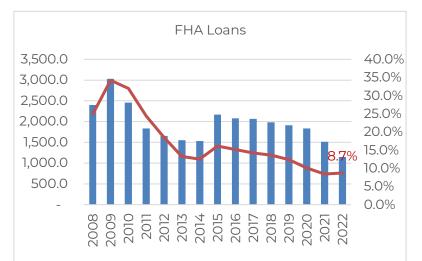


МТ	0.4%
US	0.5%

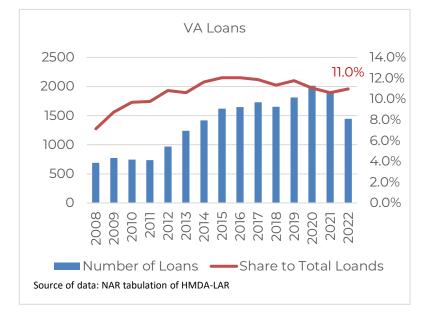


### Home Purchase First-lien Originations for 1-to-4-Family Units and Manufactured Homes as of 2022



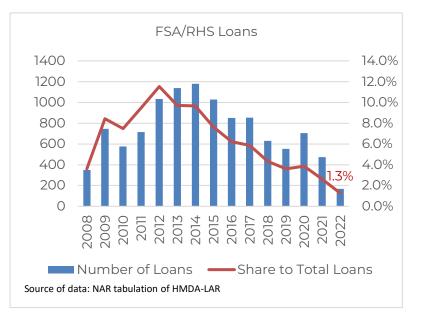






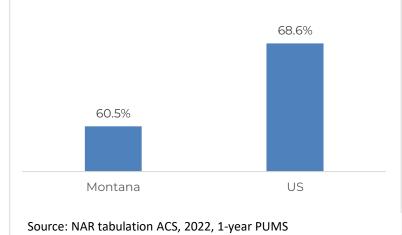
Number of Loans — Share to Total Loans

Source of data: NAR tabulation of HMDA-LAR



# High-speed Internet Access in 2022<sup>4</sup>

All households	<b>Montana</b>	<b>U.S.</b>	Percent of All Households with High-speed
	529,174	143,772,902	Internet
Households with internet	410,747	118,378,521	68.6%
Households with high-speed internet	319,890	98,619,327	
Percent of households with internet	77.6%	82.3%	
Percent with high-speed internet access	<b>77.9%</b>	<b>83.3%</b>	
Percent of all households with high-speed internet	60.5%	68.6%	60 F%



# Business Establishments in 2021 By Form of Organization and Number of Employees $^{5}$

Legal form of organization	MT	Share	U.S.	Share
Individual proprietorships	4,085	10.0%	834,711	10.24%
Partnerships	4,497	11.0%	979,886	12.03%
S-corporations	21,809	53.6%	3,660,598	44.92%
Non-profit	3,717	9.1%	597,283	7.33%
Other noncorporate	244	0.6%	24,458	0.30%
C-corp other corporate forms	6,349	15.6%	2,048,384	25.14%
Government	15	0.0%	3,286	0.04%
Grand Total	40,716	100.0%	8,148,606	100.0%
Number of employees	МТ	Share	U.S.	Share
Less than 5 employees	25,055	61.5%	4,614,481	56.6%
5 to 9	7,203	17.7%	1,434,428	17.6%
10 to 19	4,603	11.3%	988,092	12.1%
20 to 49	2,728	6.7%	702,372	8.6%
50 to 99	700	1.7%	223,604	2.7%
100 to 249	322	0.8%	128,680	1.6%
250 to 499	82	0.2%	35,454	0.4%
500 to 999	10	0.0%	13,130	0.2%
1,000 employees or more	13	0.0%	8,365	0.1%

### Notes:

1 Gross domestic product or gross state product is the sum of value added across all industries. Value added is the industry's gross output (sales or receipts and other operating income, commodity taxes and inventory change) minus its intermediate inputs (consumption of goods and services purchased from other industries. Summing only value added to arrive at GDP does away with double-counting the output across various industries.

The real estate, rental, and leasing industry includes establishments engaged in managing real estate for others, selling, renting, buying real estate for others,

### and appraising real estate.

Gross state product, gross domestic product, and total employment data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysisis. BEA employment data includes self-employed workers.

/2 NAR estimate based on the average property value and owner-occupied housing from Amercian Community Survey, 2022, 1-year PUMS

/3 Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Quarterly Current Population Survey/ Housing Vacancy Survey

/4 Source: NAR tabulation of U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2022, 1-year PUMS

/5 Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2021 County Business Patterns

For questions about this report, please contact data@nar.realtor

