NAR Core Standards
Every local and state association of REALTORS® shall annually demonstrate compliance with the following Core Standards. As used in this policy “state association” and “state association of REALTORS®” includes the territorial associations of REALTORS®.

Local associations will be responsible for communicating and describing the programs, products and services of national and state associations such that all members will understand value propositions at all three levels.

Overall Procedural Highlights

Annual Deadline Date
Core Standards cycles are 12 months in length that coincide with the calendar year.

State association can establish earlier submission deadlines for their local associations, but local associations still have until the end of the calendar year/compliance cycle to demonstrate their compliance. State associations have until the end of January to complete their review/certification process.

Appeals to the determinations of noncompliance can be filed in February, with the NAR appeal hearings conducted in March. The NAR Board of Directors will act on charter revocations during the May Legislative Meetings.

Appeal Hearing Process
Appeals to the determinations of noncompliance can be filed in February, with the NAR Association Executives Committee’s conducting appeal hearings in March. Hearing panels have the ability to overrule the state association’s finding of non-compliance, or to impose sanctions.
Standards for Local Associations

I. Code of Ethics

A. Every association will provide new and continuing member Code of Ethics training as required by Article IV of the NAR Bylaws.

B. Every association will maintain a viable professional standards process to enforce the Code of Ethics and provide arbitration and mediation as member services. Associations must have a fully functioning professional standards committee with administrative capability to conduct the program, or must administer professional standards enforcement through a multi-board (or regional) professional standards agreement with other associations or with the state association.

C. Every association will provide mediation services to members as required by Article IV of the NAR Bylaws. Associations may also offer ombudsman services to members and their clients and customers and, if available in the state, may implement a “citation” enforcement policy.

II. Advocacy

A. Unless prohibited by state law and in recognition of state law differences, each association shall include in their dues billing a voluntary contribution for the PAC or the Political Advocacy Fund (PAF) in an amount adequate to meet any NAR established RPAC fundraising goals. Dues billing for PAC or PAF contributions has been proven to be the most effective method for raising PAC or PAF dollars and in engaging our members in political advocacy*. A local association will have met this Mandatory Core Standard, regardless of whether they collect the full amount of their NAR established goal, if they include the voluntary contribution on their dues bill.

Notwithstanding the above, a local association that chooses not to include a PAC or PAF contribution on their dues bills, may, in the alternative, meet this Mandatory Core Standard if they deliver to NAR the full amount of any NAR established RPAC goal contributed by whatever legal means determined to be in the best interest of the local association (i.e. a corporate contribution in the full amount of the NAR established goal). In whatever manner the NAR established RPAC goal is met, funds shall be sent to RPAC or the PAF individually or collectively by/through the State Association (i.e., one check concept). The intent of this standard is to provide the best opportunity for every association to
meet its goal.

*Unless prohibited by state law, it is recommended that to reach the highest participation levels possible, each local association include the contribution to either the PAC or the PAF “above the line” with appropriate disclaimers about the voluntary nature of the member contribution.

B. Each association shall provide or distribute information and communications from NAR and the applicable state association, regarding the value of investing in and the benefits received from the individual’s participation in the PAC.

C. Each association shall demonstrate participation in NAR Calls for Action (e.g., promotion through websites, newsletters, office visits, etc.). It is the state and local association’s obligation to provide adequate proof of participation. NAR shall monitor state association participation primarily through the REALTOR® Action Center Response Reports. If there are signs of insufficient participation, NAR shall investigate and encourage compliance. The state associations shall monitor local association participation primarily through the REALTOR® Action Center Response Reports. If there are signs of insufficient participation, the state association shall investigate and encourage compliance.

D. Each local association shall demonstrate participation (if applicable) in State Calls for Action (e.g., promotion through websites, newsletters, office visits, etc.). It is the local association’s obligation to provide adequate proof of participation.

E. In addition to the requirements established in subsections A-D, each association must support the REALTOR® Party’s “Vote-Act-Invest” goals, and must annually conduct at least two initiatives or activities furthering or supporting each of those three goals respectively. Examples of initiatives and activities satisfying this requirement are available on NAR’s online Compliance Tool and in the Core Standards Frequently Asked Questions (“FAQs”) and in the REALTOR® Party Resource Guide.

F. Associations must conduct or promote a diversity, equity and inclusion activity and a fair housing activity. Possible options for completing this standard include the following:

- Measure and assess diversity in the association membership and develop an actionable roadmap for local association DEI; NAR has a new Insights Hub tool to help with this process.
- Conduct or promote fair housing training.
• Conduct or promote an At Home with Diversity (AHWD®) course.
• Conduct or promote implicit bias training (e.g., NAR’s implicit bias video).
• Form a Diversity Committee or a Fair Housing Committee.

III. Consumer Outreach

A. Every association will demonstrate engagement in at least four meaningful consumer engagement activities annually, including at least two activities demonstrating how the association is the "Voice for Real Estate" in its market, and at least two activities demonstrating the association's involvement and/or investment in the community.

1. To meet this four activity per year requirement, each association must execute a minimum of two "Being the 'Voice for Real Estate'" activities and two "Community involvement and investment" activities during the year. It will not be enough, for example, for an association to engage in the same activity 4 times each year nor will financial support of a charitable organization alone be considered to have met this Mandatory Core Standard. Additionally, any one activity can only be quantified in one category.

2. Being the "Voice for Real Estate" -- promoting market statistics and/or real estate trends and issues (e.g., release through press releases, interviews, etc. of MLS statistics, local market statistics, NAR research reports, local/state analysis of NAR statistics, etc.)

Associations can meet the existing Consumer Outreach 'Being the Voice for Real Estate' and ‘Community involvement and investment’ requirements through activities that demonstrate a commitment to Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion and Fair Housing. Note, this is not an added requirement, but just another way to meet the existing Consumer Outreach requirements.

B. Community involvement and investment -- promoting the value proposition of using a REALTOR® and/or engaging in community activities which enhance the image of the REALTOR®, such as organizing human resources (e.g., participating in a Habitat for Humanity build) or conducting fundraising activities to benefit local community or charitable organizations.
1. IV. Unification Efforts and Support of the REALTOR® Organization

A. Every association will maintain, have access to or will have legal counsel available.
B. Associations shall adopt and maintain corporate documents, policies and procedures that conform to local, state and federal laws. Associations will timely file legally required reports and documents (e.g., corporate renewal documents, state and federal tax returns, etc.)
C. Every association shall annually certify that its board of directors has reviewed and discussed the association’s business or strategic plan, that the plan includes an advocacy component, a consumer outreach component, a Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) component, and a Fair Housing component, and that those components have actionable implementation strategies.
D. Local and state association chief staff must complete at least six hours of REALTOR® association professional development on an annual basis. In associations without paid/salaried staff, this requirement is applicable to the individual primarily responsible for performing the functions ordinarily carried out by paid staff in other associations.
E. Each state individually or in cooperation with another state association must annually provide at least six hours of professional development opportunities for local association executives.
F. Associations will promote to their members the importance of participating in any NAR-conducted effort to assess member understanding of the overall value provided by associations at all three levels of the REALTOR® organization.
G. Licensees in limited function referral organizations (LFRO) shall be identified by the local and/or state associations for the purpose of inviting their participation in political advocacy (e.g., PAF and Calls for Action).
H. To ensure proper dues reporting and collection, every state association will provide to each local association a comparative list of non-member licensees to the state membership records, at least semi-annually.
I. Associations must annually offer, promote or provide at least one professional development opportunity for their members.
J. Associations must annually certify they have conducted or promoted a REALTOR® Safety activity.
K. Associations will annually provide resources for or access to leadership development education and/or training for their elected REALTOR® leaders, including:

- Assessment and encouragement of DEI;
- Education, understanding and awareness of the Core Standards;
- Understanding of the roles and responsibilities of staff and volunteer leaders as outlined in the President/Chief Staff Executive Checklist.

Associations will document the training, tools, programs, and resources to which they offer or provide access.

L. Associations with paid staff must adopt policies and procedures for conducting annual performance reviews of their chief paid staff, and must annually certify that a performance review for their chief paid staff has been conducted.

V. Technology

A. Every association must have an interactive website (defined as the ability to move between websites and create active links), post access to professional standards and arbitration filing processes on the website and create a link to the websites of the other levels of the association for promotion of member programs, products and services.

B. Every association must utilize an email and/or internet based means for member communication.

C. Associations must have the ability to interact with members in a remote work environment via a virtual meeting platform such as Zoom, Skype, WebEx, etc.

VI. Financial Solvency

A. Every association must adopt policies to ensure the fiscal integrity of their financial operations.

B. All associations, state or local, with revenue of $50,000 or more must annually submit a report from a CPA which includes either an audit opinion or an accountant’s review report. For those associations with annual revenues of less than $50,000 (including MLS-generated revenue and revenue from other business subsidiaries), a compilation report prepared by a CPA will be
acceptable. These thresholds apply to all associations whether tax exempt or for profit. It will be left to the discretion of each association as to the frequency of an audit versus a review, recognizing that the costs of each type of engagement vary greatly.

C. Any association considering bankruptcy must first obtain NAR’s consent to file for bankruptcy. To the extent permitted by law, any association that declares bankruptcy will be subject to automatic charter review.