HOUSING STATISTICS FOR THE 118TH CONGRESS

Connecticut

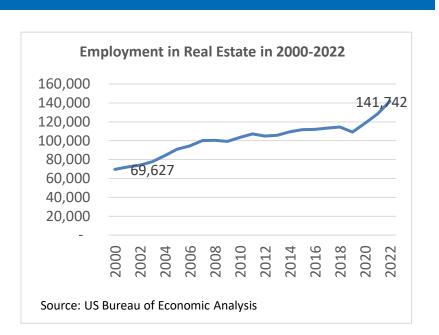
Honorable Richard Blumenthal (D)

Honorable Christopher Murphy (D)



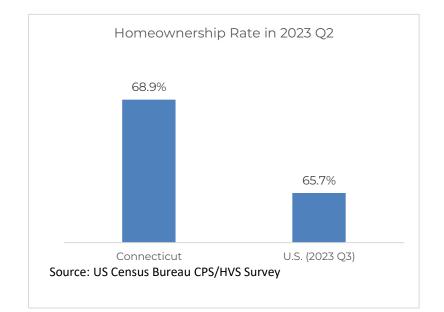
Contribution of Housing and Real Estate to the Economy in 2022

	Connecticut	U.S. (2023 Q3)
Share of real estate, rental, and leasing industry to GDP' in 2022	13.4%	13.4%
Gross state product (in \$ billions)	\$319.3	\$27,610.1
Value added in real estate, rental, and leasing industry (in billion \$)	\$42.8	\$3,707.1
Share of housing and utilities to GDP in 2022	11.9%	11.9%
Consumer spending on housing and utilities (in billion \$)	\$38.1	\$3,053.3
Share of employment in real estate, construction,		
and specialty trade contractors to employment in 2022	10.5%	10.2%
Total employment (includes self-employed) ('000)	2,392	212,442
Employment in real estate, construction, specialty trade ('000)	252	21,758
Real estate ('000)	141.7	11,138.6
Construction of buildings ('000)	23.4	2,749.4
Specialty trade contractors ('000)	87.2	7,870.1



Total value of owner-occupied housing units (billion \$)²

Total Housing Units in 2022	1,916,051	143,772,902
Occupied Housing Units	1,433,634	129,870,885
Owner Occupued Units	951,217	84,747,511
Renter Occupied Units	482,417	45,123,374
Vacant Units	106,658	13,902,017
As a percent of housing stock	5.6%	9.7%



\$31,954

\$450

Homeownership rate in 2023 Q4³

Homeownership rate 68.9% 65.7%

Home Price Gains and Home Affordability in 2024 Q1

Connecticut	US
\$507,450	\$384,500
\$151,500	\$134,400
7.3 %	9.0%
2.2%	4.4%
\$144.0E7	¢100.157
• •	\$109,154
\$50,115	\$52,328
-\$93,942	-\$56,826
287.5	208.6
	\$507,450 \$151,500 7.3% 2.2% \$144,057 \$50,115 -\$93,942

Income Needed to Afford a Typical Home in February 2024
\$144,057
\$50,115

Income needed to afford a Median renter family income mortgage (2022)

Source: NAR calculation based on NAR, Realtor.com, Freddie Mac data

A mortgage is affordable if a family spends at most 25% of income on the mortgage payment so that total costs (including utilities, taxes, insurance, and maintenance) are no more than 30% of income. Calculations assume a 10% downpayment at 6.8% 30-year fixed rate and 0.8% points.

An affordability index of 100 means homes are typically affordable; a higher index means homes are typically unaffordable.

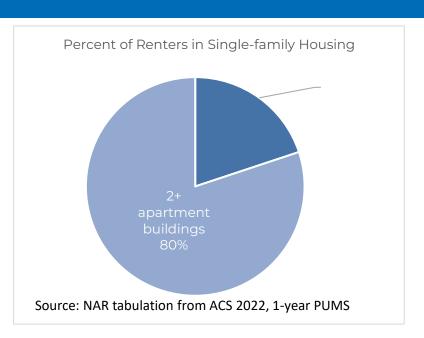
HAI= (income needed to afford a mortgage/median family income)x 100

Homeownership Rate, Income, and Unemployment by Race and Age in 2022⁴

	Homeownershi	p Rate	Unemployment Rate		State Median Family Income	
Race/ethnicity	Connecticut	U.S.	Connecticut	U.S.	Homeowners	Renters
All	66.4%	65.3 %	4.6%	4.3%	\$129,314	\$50,115
White Alone	74.1%	72.4%	3.9%	3.4%	\$134,561	\$61,965
Black Alone	45.4%	44.1%	6.7%	7.6%	\$113,982	\$43,444
Amer. Indian/Alaskan Native	50.7%	51.5%	2.4%	6.9%	\$144,012	\$45,001
Asian Alone	62.9%	63.4%	4.8%	3.5%	\$145,313	\$91,051
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Is.	85.4%	45.2%	-	6.5%	\$212,863	\$0
Some Other Race Alone	38.4%	47.0%	5.5%	5.3%	\$97,682	\$34,805
Two or More Races	51.1%	55.3%	6.2%	5.1%	\$109,657	\$43,922
Hispanic (ethnicity)	41.5%	51.1%	6.1%	5.0%	\$105,474	\$40,182
Age of housholder						
25-34 years old	53%	51%	5.1%	4.5%	\$130,770	\$59,033
35-44 years old	67%	64%	4.3%	3.5%	\$139,260	\$45,932
45-54 years old	72%	71%	3.0%	3.0%	\$146,357	\$55,309
55 and over years old	75%	77%	3.5%	2.9%	\$119,784	\$61,832

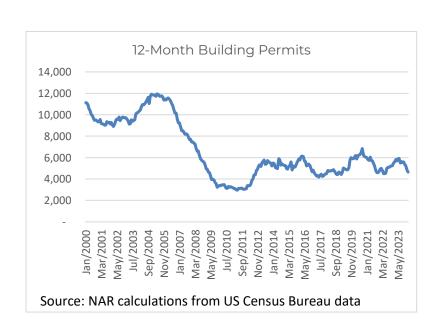
Where Households Lived in 2022⁴

	Percent			Percent	
	Homeowners dis	tribution	Renters	distribution	
1-unit detached	788,088	82.9%	65,974	13.7%	
1-unit attached	58,455	6.1%	30,035	6.2%	
2 apartments	28,751	3.0%	64,156	13.3%	
3 to 4 apartments	21,571	2.3%	97,160	20.1%	
5 to 9 apartments	16,868	1.8%	49,760	10.3%	
10 or more apartments	30,155	3.2%	173,104	35.9%	
Mobile home, other type	7,043	0.7%	2,228	0.5%	
Boat/RV	286	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Total occupied units	951,217	100.0%	482,417	100.0%	
Percent in 1-unit structures		89.0%		19.9%	



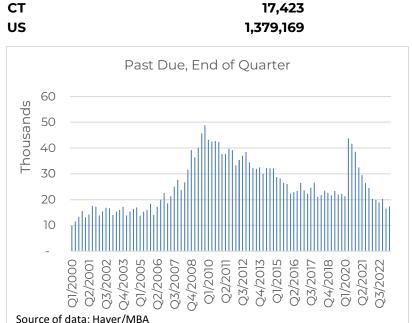
Housing Supply Conditions in 2024 Q1

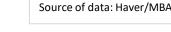
	Connecticut	U.S.
Daily active listings on Realtor.com in February 2024	3,071	664,700
Y/Y percent change	-7.6%	14.8%
12-month building permits as of February 2024	4,639	1,474,395
Y/Y percent increase	-17.4%	-6.3%
12-month employment change as of February 2024	17,600	2,044,600
Change in employment to permits	3.8	1.4
(over 2 means housing starts are inadequate)		
Total population in 2023	3,617,176	334,915,000
Population change	8,470	1,627,000
Net domestic migration	(9,016)	-
Net international migration	15,264	1,138,989



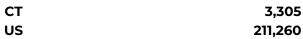
Mortgages Past Due and in Foreclosure as of 2023 Q2

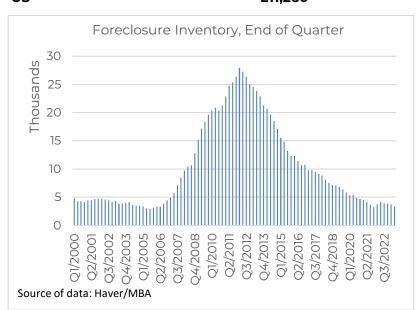
Past Due:

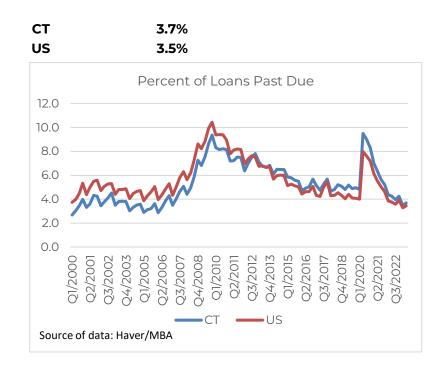


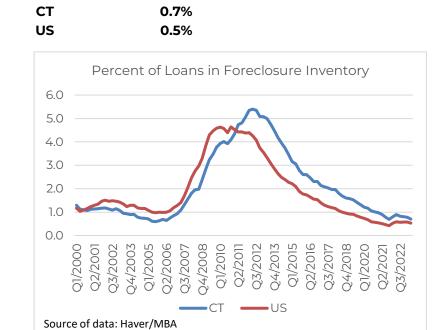


Loans in Foreclosure Process:

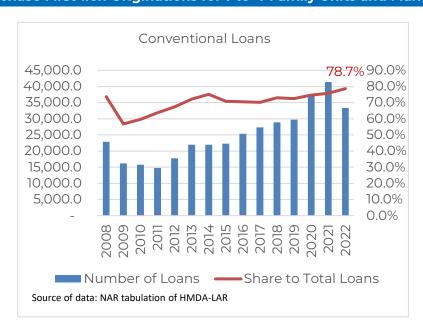


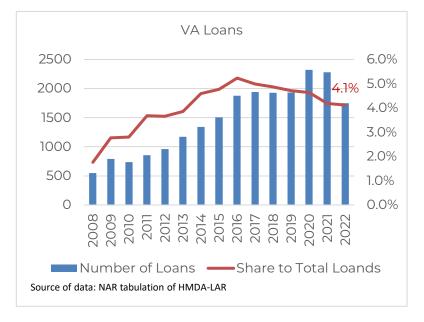


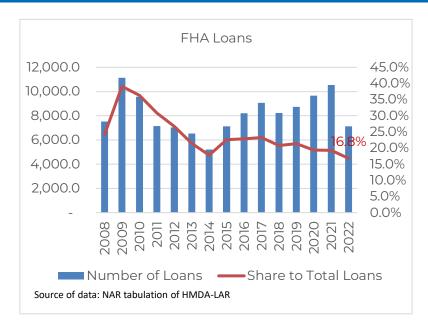


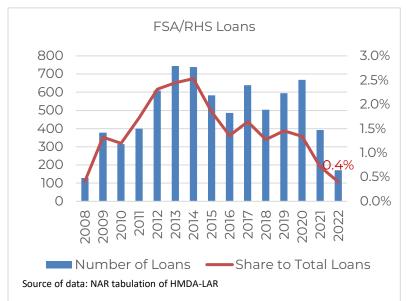


Home Purchase First-lien Originations for 1-to-4-Family Units and Manufactured Homes as of 2022



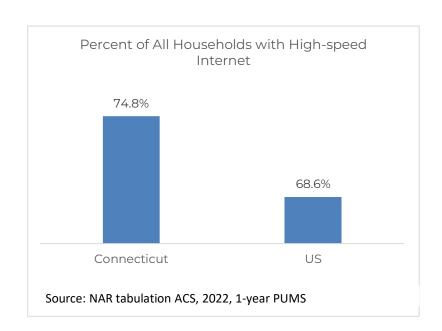






High-speed Internet Access in 2022⁴

	Connecticut	U.S.
All households	1,540,292	143,772,902
Households with internet	1,323,592	118,378,521
Households with high-speed internet	1,152,425	98,619,327
Percent of households with internet	85.9%	82.3%
Percent with high-speed internet access	87.1 %	83.3 %
Percent of all households with high-speed internet	74.8%	68.6%



Business Establishments in 2021 By Form of Organization and Number of Employees⁵ Legal form of organization CT Share U.S. Share Individual proprietorships 14,170 16.0% 834,711 10.24% Partnerships 16,916 19.1% 979,886 12.03% S-corporations 25,021 28.3% 3,660,598 44.92% Non-profit 8,300 9.4% 597,283 7.33% 133 0.2% 24,458 0.30% Other noncorporate C-corp other corporate forms 23,961 27.1% 2,048,384 25.14% Government 8 0.0% 3,286 0.04% **Grand Total** 88,509 100.0% 8,148,606 100.0% **Number of employees** CT Share U.S. Share Less than 5 employees 47,512 53.7% 4,614,481 56.6% 5 to 9 16,932 19.1% 1,434,428 17.6% 10 to 19 11,397 12.9% 988,092 12.1% 20 to 49 8,013 9.1% 702,372 8.6% 50 to 99 2,461 2.8% 223,604 2.7% 100 to 249 1,638 1.9% 128,680 1.6% 250 to 499 0.4% 35,454 0.4% 345 500 to 999 116 0.1% 13,130 0.2% 1,000 employees or more 95 0.1% 8,365 0.1% **Grand Total** 88,509 100.0% 8,148,606 100.0%

Notes:

1 Gross domestic product or gross state product is the sum of value added across all industries. Value added is the industry's gross output (sales or receipts and other operating income, commodity taxes and inventory change) minus its intermediate inputs (consumption of goods and services purchased from other industries.

Summing only value added to arrive at GDP does away with double-counting the output across various industries.

The real estate, rental, and leasing industry includes establishments engaged in managing real estate for others, selling, renting, buying real estate for others, and appraising real estate.

Gross state product, gross domestic product, and total employment data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysisis. BEA employment data includes self-employed workers. /2 NAR estimate based on the average property value and owner-occupied housing from Amercian Community Survey, 2022, 1-year PUMS

/3 Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Quarterly Current Population Survey/ Housing Vacancy Survey

/4 Source: NAR tabulation of U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2022, 1-year PUMS

/5 Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2021 County Business Patterns

For questions about this report, please contact data@nar.realtor

