

The Kansas City, MO-KS commercial real estate market is modest compared to the overall market.
NAR Commercial Market Conditions Index: 62.5

The apartment sector is experiencing faster rent growth than nationally.

There is a loss in office occupancy and office rent growth is weaker than nationally.

In the industrial sector, the industrial vacancy rate is lower than nationally and more construction is underway than nationally.

Its retail trade jobs are growing faster than nationally.

#N/A

In 2019, the area experienced net in-migration.

Commercial transactions are likely to pick up in the second half of 2021 and in 2022 as more people get vaccinated and more businesses open. Higher fiscal spending and monetary accommodation will boost growth nationally and in the area.

I. Economic and Demographic Indicators

	Kansas City, MO-KS			U.S.			
	Dec_20	Nov_20	Dec_19	Dec_20	Nov_20	Dec_19	
Total non-farm employment ('000)	1,078	1,069	1,109	143,700	144,121	152,846	
Y/Y chg.in nonfarm payroll employment ('000)	(31)	(42)	9	(9,146)	(8,974)	2,014	<i>job pace is stronger than national pace</i>
Y/Y % chg. in nonfarm payroll employment	-2.8%	-3.8%	0.8%	-6.0%	-5.9%	1.3%	<i>lower unemployment rate than nationally</i>
Unemployment rate (%)	4.8%	4.8%	3.3%	6.7%	6.7%	3.6%	
Average weekly wages	\$963	\$981	\$1,006	\$1,038	\$1,030	\$973	<i>wages are lower than national average</i>
	2019	2018	2017	2019	2018	2017	
GDP growth (%)	1.0%	2.2%	2.3%	2.2%	3.0%	2.3%	<i>economy is growing at a slower pace than nationally</i>
Median household income	\$70,215	\$65,768	\$63,404	\$87,470	\$84,423	\$81,284	<i>median household income is lower than national level</i>
Population ('000)	2,158	2,144	2,127	328,330	326,838	325,122	
Population growth (%)	0.6%	0.8%	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	<i>faster population growth than nationally</i>
Net domestic migration ('000)	2.4	5.2	8.5	0	0	0	<i>net in-migration</i>

II. Multifamily/1

	Q4_20	Q3_20	Q4_19	Q4_20	Q3_20	Q4_19	
Homeownership rate	61.9%	66.6%	64.5%	65.8%	67.4%	65.1%	
Rental vacancy rate	8.2%	9.3%	11.9%	6.5%	6.4%	6.4%	<i>vacancy rates are higher than nationally</i>
12-month total: 5+ unit building permits	4,093	3,985	3,889	416,171	415,791	460,604	<i>5-unit building permits are rising faster than nationally</i>
12-month total: all building permits	10,807	10,615	9,316	1,434,816	1,408,516	1,351,930	
Ratio of jobs created to permits ('000)	(3)	(4)	1	(6)	(6)	1	<i>stronger job creation vs. housing permits than nationally</i>
Apartment rent (end of quarter)	\$1,069	\$1,086	\$1,055	\$1,114	\$1,129	\$1,129	<i>faster rent growth than nationally</i>

III. Office/2

	Q4_20	Q3_20	Q4_19	Q4_20	Q3_20	Q4_19	
Net absorption from prior quarter (million sq. ft.)	(0.14)	(0.46)	0.04	(43.03)	(39.23)	15.50	<i>loss in office occupancy</i>
Vacancy rate	16.4%	16.1%	13.5%	16%	14%	13%	<i>office vacancy is higher than nationally</i>
Asking rent per sq.ft.	\$21.9	\$21.9	\$21.6	\$35.1	\$34.7	\$33.2	<i>office rent growth is weaker than nationally</i>
Total inventory of available space (million sq. ft.)	53.6	53.6	53.0	5,368.7	5,367.4	5,338.4	
Under construction (million sq.ft.)	0.6	0.6	0.7	123.8	131.5	130.0	
% under construction to inventory	1.1%	1.1%	1.4%	2.3%	2.5%	2.4%	<i>less office construction is underway than nationally</i>

IV. Industrial/3

	Q4_20	Q3_20	Q4_19	Q4_20	Q3_20	Q4_19	
Net absorption from prior quarter (million sq. ft.)	3.07	2.27	1.27	89.8	77.0	80.8	<i>increase in industrial space occupancy</i>
Vacancy rate	4.9%	5.4%	6.0%	5.2%	5.2%	4.9%	<i>industrial vacancy rate is lower than nationally</i>
Asking rent per sq.ft.	\$4.3	\$4.3	\$4.3	\$6.8	\$6.6	\$6.5	<i>rents are not rising as fast as nationally</i>
Total inventory of available space (million sq. ft.)	233.7	231.7	227.6	15,233.9	15,136.4	15,002.3	
Under construction (million sq.ft.)	7.9	5.9	5.5	328.0	308.8	325.6	
% under construction to inventory	3.4%	2.5%	2.4%	2.2%	2.0%	2.2%	<i>more construction is underway than nationally</i>

V. Retail

	Dec_20	Nov_20	Dec_19	Dec_20	Nov_20	Dec_19	
Retail trade payroll workers ('000)	119.9	114.6	113.3	15,755	15,488	16,102	
% share to nonfarm payroll employment	11.1%	10.7%	10.2%	11.0%	10.7%	10.5%	<i>larger fraction of retail jobs than nationally</i>
Y/Y change ('000)	6.6	2.3	-2.2	-347.1	-540.1	-94.9	
Y/Y % change	5.8%	2.0%	-1.9%	-2.2%	-3.4%	-0.6%	<i>retail trade jobs are growing faster than nationally</i>
Credit and debit card spending (Jan 4-31=100)	-	-	-	-4.2%	-4.5%	-	<i>stronger consumer spending than nationally</i>

VI. Hotel/Lodging

	Dec_20	Nov_20	Dec_19	Dec_20	Nov_20	Dec_19	
Leisure and hospitality payroll workers ('000)	90	89.9	111.5	12,858	13,418	16,474	
% share to nonfarm payroll employment	8.3%	8.4%	10.1%	8.9%	9.3%	10.8%	<i>smaller share of leisure/hospitality jobs than nationally</i>
Y/Y change ('000)	-21.5	-21.4	1.9	(3,616.0)	(3,041.0)	388.0	
Y/Y % change	-19.3%	-19.2%	1.7%	-21.9%	-18.5%	2.4%	<i>leisure and hospitality jobs are shrinking</i>
Number of small business openings(Jan4-31=100)	#N/A	#N/A	-	-47.2	-45.2	-	<i>#N/A</i>

Data sources: US Census Bureau, US Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Bureau of Economic Analysis, ApartmentList (rent growth), Cushman and Wakefield (office, industrial)

Credit card spending is from Affinity Solutions via Opportunity Insights downloaded from Haver. Some markets may not have data.

Number of small business openings is from Womply via Opportunity Insights downloaded from Haver. Some markets may not have data.

1 Apartment rent growth is from ApartmentList.com.

2 Covers the market of: Kansas City, MO

3 Covers the market of: Kansas City, MO

For information about this report, contact data@nar.realtor